SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label

: Diesel Fuel Injection Cleaner

Product Code(s) : US Product Codes: 00212, 90212, 00213P, 00214

Canada Product Codes: 00423, 90423

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

: Fuel Injector Cleaner. No restrictions on use known.

Refer to manufacturer

Chemical family : Mixture.

Name, address, and telephone number of Name, address, and telephone number of

the manufacturer: the supplier:

FPPF Chemical Company, Inc.

117 West Tupper Street Buffalo, NY, USA

14201

Manufacturer's Telephone # : 1-800-735-3773

24 Hr. Emergency Tel # : Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300 (Within Continental U.S.); Chemtrec 703-527-3887

(Outside U.S.).

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical

Colourless to slightly hazy liquid. Slight petroleum hydrocarbon odor.

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Classification

Flammable Liquids - Category 3 Aspiration Toxicity - Category 1

Reproductive Toxicity-Category 1 Carcinogenicity -Category 2

Specific Target Organ Toxicity, Single Exposure - Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific Target organ toxicity, repeated exposure- Category 1

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)







Signal Word

DANGER!

Hazard statement(s)

Flammable liquid and vapor.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Suspected of causing cancer.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement(s)

Obtain special instructions before use.

Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking.

Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion-proof electrical and ventilating equipment.

Use non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Do not breathe mist or vapor.

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

Wash thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT induce vomiting. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

In case of fire: Use water fog, dry chemical, CO2 or 'alcohol' foam to extinguish.

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Other hazards

No OSHA defined hazard classes.

Other hazards which do not result in classification:

May be sensitive to static discharge. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes.

May be mildly irritating to skin, eyes and respiratory system. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking and defatting of the skin. Environmental precautions: Avoid release to the environment. See ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION, Section 12.

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

hemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS#	Concentration (% by weight)	
stoddard solvent	Mineral spirits White spirit	8052-41-3	80.0 - 100.0	
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	Aromatic solvent naphtha Heavy Aromatic Naphtha	64742-94-5	1.0 - 8.0	
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	Aromatic solvent naphtha Solvent Naphtha (Petroleum) Light Aromatic	64742-95-6	1.0 - 5.0	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	Pseudocumene	95-63-6	0.5 - 2.5	
Naphthalene	Moth balls Moth flakes Tar camphor	91-20-3	0.1 - 1.0	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	Dimethylbenzene Methyltoluene Xylol	1330-20-7	0.1 - 1.0	
2-Ethylhexanol	2-Ethylhexyl Alcohol	104-76-7	0.1 - 1.0	

The exact concentrations of the above listed chemicals are being withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures

.

Page 3 of 13 SDS Revision Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 03/04/2019

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Do NOT

induce vomiting. Aspiration hazard Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If vomiting occurs spontaneously, keep victim's head lowered

(forward) to reduce the risk of aspiration.

: If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a Inhalation

POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by qualified medical

personnel only.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with Skin contact

water/shower.

Eye contact Flush eyes with water for at least 20 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and

easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention/advice.

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard - material may cause lung inflammation or damage if it enters lungs through vomiting or swallowing.

Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath and wheezing.

May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Symptoms may include pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects. Suspected of causing cancer. Symptoms may include persistent coughing,

shortness of breath, coughing up blood and wheezing.

Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Symptoms may include reduced fetal weight,

delayed ossification and persistent behavioural effects.

Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. Direct eye contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation.

Inhalation of mists or sprays may mildly irritate the upper respiratory tract and cause coughing or sneezing. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Prolonged overexposure may cause slight liver and kidney effects, such as increased organ weights. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking and defatting of the skin. Chronic overexposure to 2-butoxyethanol may cause liver, kidney and blood damage, based on animal data.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

: Immediate medical attention is required. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

: Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide and water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture / Conditions of flammability

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. May accumulate static charge by flow or agitation. Vapors may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. Vapours may be heavier than air and may collect in confined and low-lying areas. Product may float, and be re-ignited at the water's surface. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat or flame due to a build-up of internal pressure.

Flammability classification (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106)

: Flammable Liquids - Category 3

Hazardous combustion products

: Carbon oxides;Reactive hydrocarbons;Aldehydes;Other irritating fumes and smoke.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special fire-fighting procedures

: Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply or any natural waterway. Dike for water control.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep all other personnel upwind and away from the spill/release. All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Environmental precautions

Ensure spilled product does not enter drains, sewers, waterways, or confined spaces. If necessary, dike well ahead of the spill to prevent runoff into drains, sewers, or any natural waterway or drinking supply.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

: Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Use only non-sparking tools. For spilled liquids: absorb spill with inert, non-combustible material such as sand, then place into suitable containers. Do not use combustible absorbents, such as sawdust. Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Contact the proper local authorities.

Special spill response procedures

In case of a transportation accident, in the United States contact CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 or International at 1-703-527-3887. If a spill/release in excess of the EPA reportable quantity is made into the environment, immediately notify the national response center in the United States (phone: 1-800-424-8802). US CERCLA Reportable quantity (RQ):

Naphthalene (100 lbs / 45.4 kg) Xylene (100 lbs / 45.4 kg)

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical and ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Conditions for safe storage

Store in a well ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store away from incompatibles and out of direct sunlight. Take measures to prevent the build up of electrostatic charge. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. No smoking in the area.

Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizing agents. Perchloric acid.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:				
Chemical Name	ACGIH	<u>TLV</u>	OSHA F	PEL
	<u>TWA</u>	STEL	<u>PEL</u>	STEL
stoddard solvent	100 ppm	N/Av	500 ppm (2900 mg/m³)	N/Av
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	N/Av	N/Av	500 ppm (as petroleum distillates, naphtha)	N/Av
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	25 ppm (trimethylbenzene isomers)	N/Av	25 ppm (trimethylbenzene isomers) (final rule limit)	N/Av
Naphthalene	10 ppm (skin)	N/Av	10 ppm ; 50 mg/m³	15ppm; 75mg/m³
Xylene (mixed isomers)	100 ppm	150 ppm	100 ppm (435 mg/m³)	N/Av
2-Ethylhexanol	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av

Exposure controls

Ventilation and engineering measures

: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Use explosion-proof electrical and ventilating equipment. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. In case of insufficient

ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.

If engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling exposure to Respiratory protection

> this material, then wear suitable approved respiratory protection. If the TLV is exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator is advised. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in

accordance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02.

Wear protective gloves/clothing. Where extensive exposure to product is possible, use Skin protection

resistant coveralls, apron and boots to prevent contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.

Eye / face protection

Wear eye/face protection. Chemical splash goggles are recommended. A full face

shield may also be necessary.

Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Other protective equipment

Other equipment may be required depending on workplace standards.

General hygiene considerations

: Avoid breathing mist or vapor. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Do not eat, drink, smoke or use cosmetics while working with this product. Upon completion of work, wash hands before eating, drinking, smoking or use of toilet facilities. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance : Clear to slightly hazy liquid.

Odour : Slight petroleum hydrocarbon odor.

Odour threshold : N/Av pН : N/Av Melting/Freezing point : N/Av Initial boiling point and boiling range

: >154°C / >310°F

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Flash point : 42.2°C / 108°F Flashpoint (Method) : Tag closed cup

Evaporation rate (BuAe = 1) : Slower than n-butyl acetate

Flammability (solid, gas) : N/Ap Lower flammable limit (% by vol.)

: N/Av

Upper flammable limit (% by vol.)

: N/Av

Oxidizing properties : None known.

Explosive properties: N/Av

Vapour pressure : <3mm Hg @ 20°C

Vapour density : >1 Relative density / Specific gravity

: 0.792

Solubility in water : Insoluble.

Other solubility(ies) : N/Av

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water or Coefficient of water/oil distribution

: N/Av

Auto-ignition temperature : N/Av
Decomposition temperature : N/Av
Viscosity : N/Av
Volatiles (% by weight) : N/Av
Volatile organic Compounds (VOC's)

: N/Av

Absolute pressure of container

: N/Ap

Flame projection length : N/Ap
Other physical/chemical comments

: None reported by the manufacturer.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: Not normally reactive.

Chemical stability : Stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Hazardous polymerization will not occur. May be sensitive to static discharge.

Conditions to avoid : Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. Keep away from direct sunlight. Ensure

adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Take precautionary measures

against static discharge. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents; Perchloric acid

Hazardous decomposition products

: None reported by the manufacturer. Refer also to hazardous combustion products,

Section 5.

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:

Routes of entry inhalation : YES
Routes of entry skin & eye : YES
Routes of entry Ingestion : YES
Routes of exposure skin absorption

: NO

Potential Health Effects:

Signs and symptoms of short-term (acute) exposure

Sign and symptoms Inhalation

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes central nervous system depression. Symptoms include: Upper respiratory irritation, coughing, sneezing, staggering gait, giddiness, drowiness, slurred speech, nausea, and possible nervous system depression. Inhalation of mists or sprays may mildly irritate the upper respiratory tract and cause coughing or sneezing.

Sign and symptoms ingestion

: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Aspiration hazard - material may cause lung inflammation or damage if it enters lungs through vomiting or swallowing. Symptoms include coughing, shortness of breath and wheezing. Ingestion may irritate digestive tract and cause nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Ingestion may cause symptoms similar to inhalation.

Sign and symptoms skin Sign and symptoms eyes Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation.Direct eye contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation.

Potential Chronic Health Effects

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking and defatting of the skin. Prolonged overexposure may cause slight liver and kidney effects, such as increased organ weights.

Mutagenicity Carcinogenicity

: Not expected to be mutagenic in humans.

: This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products

Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Classification Carcinogenicity- Category 2 Suspected of causing cancer.

Contains Naphthalene. Naphthalene is classified as carcinogenic by IARC (Group 2B) and NTP (Group 2 - Reasonably anticipated).

Reproductive effects & Teratogenicity

: This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Classification Reproductive Toxicity - Category 1B Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Developmental

Contains Xylene (mixed isomers) Xylene may cause fetotoxic effects (e.g. reduced fetal weight, delayed ossification, behavioral effects) at doses which are not maternally toxic, based on animal data.

Sensitization to material

Not expected to be a skin sensitizer.

Not expected to be a respiratory sensitizer.

Specific target organ effects:

Eyes, skin, respiratory system, digestive system, central nervous system, blood $\dot{}$

system.

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Classification

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3

May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Specific Target organ toxicity, repeated exposure- Category 1 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

: Pre-existing skin, eye, respiratory and central nervous system disorders.

Synergistic materials

: None reported by the manufacturer.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Toxicological data : The calculated ATE values for this mixture are:

ATE oral = 416667mg/kg ATE dermal = 25000mg/kg

ATE inhalation (vapours) =23.3mg/L/4H ATE inhalation (mists) = 305mg/L/4H

See below for individual ingredient acute toxicity data.

	LC ₅₀ (4hr)	LD ₅₀			
Chemical name	inh, rat	(Oral, rat)	(Rabbit, dermal)		
stoddard solvent	> 5.5 mg/L (vapour)	> 5000 mg/kg	> 3000 mg/kg		
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	> 17.1 mg/L/4 hours	> 6000 mg/kg	> 3160 mg/kg		
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	>17.7mg/L/4H (vapour)	8400 mg/kg	>3160 mg/kg		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	18 mg/L	5000 mg/kg	> 3160 mg/kg		
Naphthalene	No information available.	490 mg/kg	>20,000 mg/kg		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	6350 ppm (27.6 mg/L) (vapours)	3253 mg/kg	12 180 mg/kg		
2-Ethylhexanol	≥1.2 - <5.3mg/L	2052mg/kg	No information available.		

Other important toxicological hazards

: None known or reported by the manufacturer.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

: No data is available on the product itself.

See the following tables for individual ingredient ecotoxicity data.

Ecotoxicity data:

Lance Proofs	0.10.11	Toxicity to Fish				
<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS No	LC50 / 96h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor		
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	2.1 - 4.2 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish)	N/Av	None.		
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-94-5	3.6 mg/L (Rainbow trout)	N/Av	none		
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-95-6	9.22 mg/L (Rainbow trout)	N/Av	None.		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	7.19 - 8.28 mg/L (Fathead minnow)	N/Av	None.		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.96 mg/L (pink salmon)	0.12mg/L (40 days) (pink salmon)	none		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	8.2 mg/L (Rainbow trout)	N/Av	None.		
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	2 mg/L (Zebra fish)	N/Av	None.		

<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS No	Toxicity to Daphnia				
		EC50 / 48h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor		
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	0.42 - 2.3 mg/L (Daphnia magna) (Closed systems - low end; Open systems - high end)	0.1 - 0.37 mg/L	None.		
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-94-5	1.1 mg/L Water flea	N/Av	none		
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-95-6	6.16 mg/L (Daphnia magna)	N/Av	None.		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	6.14 mg/L (Daphnia magna)	N/Av	None.		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	3.4 mg/L/ Water flea	0.6mg/L	none		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	3.2 - 9.56 mg/L (Daphnia magna)	N/Av	None.		
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	>12.6mg/L (Daphnia magna)	N/Av	None.		

<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS No	Toxicity to Algae				
		EC50 / 96h or 72h	NOEC / 96h or 72h	M Factor		
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	0.58 - 1.2 mg/L/72hr (Green algae) (Closed systems - low end; Open systems - high end)	0.16 mg/L/72hr	None.		
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-94-5	7.2 mg/L/72 hours (Green algae)	0.22 mg/L/72 hours (Green algae)	none		
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-95-6	N/Av	N/Av	N/Av		
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	N/Av	N/Av	None.		
Naphthalene	91-20-3	0.4mg/L/72hr (Marine diatom)	N/Av	none		
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	3.2 - 4.9 mg/L/72hr (Green algae)	r N/Av			
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	1.57mg/L/72hr (Green algae)	12.6mg/L/72hr	None.		

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the product itself. The following ingredients are considered to be readily biodegradable: 2-Ethylhexanol

Bioaccumulation potential : No data is available on the product itself.

See the following data for ingredient information.

Components	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
stoddard solvent (CAS 8052-41-3)	3.16 - 7.06	No information available.
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-94-5)	2.9 - 6.1	61 - 159 species: fish
Light aromatic solvent naphtha (CAS 64742-95-6)	2.1 - 6(calculated)	No information available.
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	3.78	No information available.
Naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	3.7	30 - 430 species: fish
Xylene (mixed isomers) (CAS 1330-20-7)	3.12 - 3.2	0.6 - 15
2-Ethylhexanol (CAS 104-76-7)	5.24	No information available.

Mobility in soil : No data is available on the product itself.

Other Adverse Environmental effects

: The ecological characteristics of this product have not been fully investigated. Contains material that may be harmful in the environment. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses, or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Handling for Disposal

: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Methods of Disposal

Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local regulations.

RCRA

: If this product, as supplied, becomes a waste in the United States, it may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA, Title 40 CFR 261. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the proper waste identification and disposal method. For disposal of unused or waste material, check with local, state and federal environmental agencies.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing Group	Label
49CFR/DOT	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (stoddard solvent; Aromatic naphtha)	3	III	3
49CFR/DOT Additional information	49 CFR Section	or road or rail shipment if packaged in non-bulk containers n 173.150. eets the criteria for an environmentally hazardous material	•		,
TDG	UN1993	FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S. (stoddard solvent; Aromatic naphtha)	3	III	3
TDG Additional information	the requiremen	hay be shipped as non-regulated material when in small me ts of TDG section 1.33 are met. eets the criteria for an environmentally hazardous material		,	, .

Special precautions for user: Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking.

Environmental hazards

This product meets the criteria for an environmentally hazardous material according to the IMDG Code. See ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION, Section 12.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

: Not available.

SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Information:

Components listed below are present on the following U.S. Federal chemical lists:

<u>Ingredients</u>		TSCA	CERCLA Reportable	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 302, Extremely	SARA TITLE III: S 372, Specific To	,
	CAS#	Inventory	Quantity(RQ) (40 CFR 117.302):	Hazardous Substance, 40 CFR 355:	Toxic Chemical	de minimus Concentration
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	Yes	None.	None.	No	N/Ap
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-94-5	Yes	N/Ap	N/Av	No	N/Ap
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-95-6	Yes	N/Ap	N/Ap	No	N/Ap
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	Yes	N/Ap	N/Ap	Yes	1%
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Yes	100 lb/ 45.4 kg	N/Av	Yes	0.1%
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	Yes	100 lb/ 45.4 kg	None.	Yes	1%
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	Yes	N/Ap	N/Av	No	N/Ap

SARA TITLE III: Sec. 311 and 312, SDS Requirements, 40 CFR 370 Hazard Classes: Physical hazards (Flammable)Health hazards (Carcinogenicity ;Reproductive toxicity ;Aspiration hazard ;Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure ;Specific target organ toxicity, repeated exposure). Under SARA Sections 311 and 312, the EPA has established threshold quantities for the reporting of hazardous chemicals. The current thresholds are 500 pounds or the threshold planning quantity (TPQ), whichever is lower, for extremely hazardous substances and 10,000 pounds for all other hazardous chemicals.

US State Right to Know Laws:

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual States:

<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS#	Californ	California Proposition 65		State "Right to Know" Lists					
	CAS#	Listed	Type of Toxicity	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI	
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	No	Not listed	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-94-5	No	Not listed	No	No	No	No	No	No	
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-95-6	No	Not listed	No	No	No	No	No	No	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	No	Not listed	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	
Naphthalene	91-20-3	Yes	Carcinogen	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	No	Not listed	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	No	Not listed	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	

Canadian Information:

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) information: All ingredients listed appear on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

WHMIS Classification: See Section 2.

International Information:

Components listed below are present on the following International Inventory list:

SAFETY DATA SHEET

<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS#	European EINECs	Australia AICS	Philippines PICCS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECI/KECL	China IECSC	NewZealand IOC
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	232-489-3	Present	Present	(9)-1702	KE-32199	Present	HSR001498
Heavy aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-94-5	265-198-5	Present	Present	(3)-7	KE-31656	Present	May be used as a single component chemical under an appropriate group standard
Light aromatic solvent naphtha	64742-95-6	265-199-0	Present	Present	(9)-1698	KE-31662	Present	May be used as a single component chemical under an appropriate group standard
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	202-436-9	Present	Present	(3)-7; (3)-3427	KE-34410	Present	HSR001382
Naphthalene	91-20-3	202-049-5	Present	Present	(4)-311	KE-25545	Present	HSR001287
Xylene (mixed isomers)	1330-20-7	215-535-7	Present	Present	(3)-60; (3)-3	KE-35427	Present	HSR000983
2-Ethylhexanol	104-76-7	203-234-3	Present	Present	(2)-217	KE-13766	Present	HSR001386

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Legend

: ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

AICS: Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

CA: California

CAS: Chemical Abstract Services

CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act

of 1980

CFR: Code of Federal Regulations CNS: Central Nervous System

CSA: Canadian Standards Association DOT: Department of Transportation EC50: Effective Concentration 50%

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances

EPA: Environmental Protection Agency

HMIS: Hazardous Materials Identification System

HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

Inh: Inhalation

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods KECI: Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory KECL: Korean Existing Chemicals List

LC: Lethal Concentration

LD: Lethal Dose MA: Massachusetts MN: Minnesota

MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration

N/Ap: Not Applicable N/Av: Not Available

NFPA: National Fire Protection Association

NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health

NOEC: No observable effect concentration

NTP: National Toxicology Program

NJ: New Jersey

NOEC: No observable effect concentration

OECD: Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development

OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration

PA: Pennsylvania

PEL: Permissible exposure limit

SAFETY DATA SHEET

PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RI: Rhode Island

RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TDG: Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act & Regulations

TLV: Threshold Limit Values
TPQ: Threshold Planning Quantity
TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act
TWA: Time Weighted Average

WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System

References : 1. ACGIH, Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents &

Biological Exposure Indices for 2018.

- 2. International Agency for Research on Cancer Monographs, searched 2018.
- 3. Canadian Centre for Occupational Health and Safety, CCInfoWeb databases, 2018 (Chempendium, HSDB and RTECs).
- 4. Material Safety Data Sheets from manufacturer.
- 5. US EPA Title III List of Lists March 2015 version.
- 6. California Proposition 65 List November 23, 2018 version.
- 7. OECD The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances eChemPortal, 2018.

Preparation Date (mm/dd/yyyy)

: 05/27/2015

Reviewed Date SDS (dd/mm/yyyy)

: 04/03/2019

Revision No. : 2

Revision Information : (M)SDS sections updated :2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION 9. PHYSICAL AND

CHEMICAL PROPERTIES 14. Transport information 15. Regulatory information 16.

Other information

Other special considerations for handling

: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.

Prepared for:

FPPF Chemical Company, Inc. 117 West Tupper Street Buffalo, NY, USA 14201 Telephone: 1-800-735-3773

Please direct all enquiries to FPPF Chemical Company

Prepared by:

ICC The Compliance Center Inc.

Telephone: (888) 442-9628 (U.S.): (888) 977-4834 (Canada)

http://www.thecompliancecenter.com



DISCLAIMER

This Safety Data Sheet was prepared by ICC The Compliance Center Inc using information provided by / obtained from FPPF Chemical Company, Inc and CCOHS' Web Information Service. The information in the Safety Data Sheet is offered for your consideration and guidance when exposed to this product. ICC The Compliance Center Inc and FPPF Chemical Company, Inc expressly disclaim all expressed or implied warranties and assume no responsibilities for the accuracy or completeness of the data contained herein. The data in this SDS does not apply to use with any other product or in any other process.

This Safety Data Sheet may not be changed, or altered in any way without the expressed knowledge and permission of ICC The Compliance Center Inc and FPPF Chemical Company, Inc.