

Air Brake Conditioner SDS Revision Date (mm/dd/yyyy): 04/02/2020

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SAFETY DATA SHEET

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label

Air Brake Conditioner

Other means of identification: 90157, 90158, 00159

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

	: Automotive - Brake Sys	tem t intended for use by children.
Chemical family	: Alcohol	
Name, address, and tele of the supplier:	phone number	Name, address, and telephone number of the manufacturer:
FPPF Chemical Compan 117 West Tupper Street Buffalo, NY, USA 14201	y, Inc.	Refer to supplier
Supplier's Telephone # 24 Hr. Emergency Tel #	: (800) 735-3773 : PERS: North America 1 Contract number: 8027	-800-633-8253; International: +1-801-629-0667

SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical

Clear, colorless liquid. Mild alcohol odor.

This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015).

Classification Flammable liquids - Category 2 Acute toxicity Oral -Category 3 Acute toxicity Dermal -Category 3 Acute toxicity Inhalation -Category 3 Eye damage/irritation -Category 2A Reproductive toxicity - Category 2 Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure - Category 1

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





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Hazard statement(s)

Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Toxic if swallowed. Toxic in contact with skin. Toxic if inhaled. Causes serious eye irritation. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to the optic nerve and central nervous system.

Precautionary statement(s)

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical and ventilating equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection. Do not breathe vapours or spray mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison

center/doctor. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.

IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth.

In case of fire: Use alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide or dry chemical to extinguish.

Store in well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed.

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

Other hazards

Other hazards which do not result in classification: May be sensitive to static discharge. Vapors may cause flash fires. Burning produces obnoxious and toxic fumes. Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and diarrhea. May cause skin irritation. :

SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	<u>CAS #</u>	Concentration (% by weight)
Primary akyl alcohol	Proprietary	Proprietary	Proprietary

The exact concentrations of the above listed chemicals are being withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

Description of first aid measures



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Ingestion	: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting, unless directed to do so by qualified medical
Inhalation	 personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen by qualified mediate processes and any other processes.
Skin contact	 medical personnel only. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Eye contact	: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Flush eyes with water for at least 15 minutes. If eye irritation persists: get medical advice/attention.
Most important symptoms a	and effects, both acute and delayed
	 If exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Toxic if inhaled.Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Inhalation of methanol vapours may cause substantial visual effects, including irritation, blurred vision, and blindness.May cause irritation to the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract. May cause headache, nausea, dizziness and other symptoms of central nervous system depression. May result in unconsciousness and possibly death. Toxic in contact with skin. May be absorbed through the skin, producing symptoms similar to ingestion or inhalation. Toxic if swallowed.May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed in sufficient quantities. Symptoms may include pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects. Swallowing methanol is life threatening. May result in unconsciousness and possibly death. Ingestion may cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea. Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include a burning sensation, pain, watering, and/or changes in vision (blurred vision). Methanol is known to cause appreciable eye irritation, and possible blindness. Suspected of damaging the unborn child. May cause fetotoxic (toxic to the fetus during the latter stages of pregnancy, often through the placenta) and teratogenic effects (causing malformations of the fetus), based on animal information. Causes damage to organs.Causes damage to the optic nerve and central nervous system. Direct skin contact may cause slight or mild, transient irritation. Symptoms may include changes in organ weight. Prolonged exposure to high vapour concentrations can cause headache, dizziness, nausea, central nervous system depression, and narcosis. Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking and defatting of the skin.
Indication of any immediate	•
	: Treat same as methanol poisoning.Immediate medical attention is required. Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically.Show this safety data sheet to

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media	
:	Dry chemical, foam, carbon dioxide and water fog.
Unsuitable extinguishing medi	a
:	Do not use water jet, as this may spread burning material.
Special hazards arising from th	e substance or mixture / Conditions of flammability
	Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flames. Vapours may be heavier than air and may collect in confined and low-lying areas. Vapour can travel considerable distance and flashback to a source of ignition. Product may ignite when exposed to heat, sparks and direct flame. Material will float on water

the doctor in attendance.

may ignite when exposed to heat, sparks and direct flame. Material will float on water and can be re-ignited at the water's surface. May be sensitive to static discharge. Closed containers may rupture if exposed to excess heat or flame due to a build-up of internal pressure.



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Flammability classification (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.106)

: Flammable liquids - Category 2

Hazardous combustion products

: Carbon oxides; formaldehyde; irritating fumes and smoke

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Do not enter without wearing specialized protective equipment suitable for the situation. Firefighter's normal protective clothing (Bunker Gear) will not provide adequate protection. A full-body encapsulating chemical protective suit with positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (NIOSH approved or equivalent) may be necessary. Firefighters should wear proper protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus with full face piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Special fire-fighting procedures

Move containers from fire area if safe to do so. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray. Prevent runoff from fire control or dilution from entering sewers, drains, drinking water supply or any natural waterway. Dike for water control.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Environmental precautions Methods and material for co	: :	Immediately evacuate personnel to safe areas. Keep all other personnel upwind and away from the spill/release.All persons dealing with clean-up should wear the appropriate protective equipment including self-contained breathing apparatus. Restrict access to area until completion of clean-up. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8. Ensure spilled product does not enter drains, sewers, waterways, or confined spaces. For large spills, dike the area to prevent spreading. imment and cleaning up
includes and material for col		
		Ventilate the area. Remove all sources of ignition. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Dike for water control. Use only non-sparking tools.For spilled liquids: absorb spill with inert, non-combustible material such as sand, then place into suitable containers. Do not use combustible absorbents, such as sawdust. Bond and ground transfer containers and equipment to avoid static accumulation. Pick up and transfer to properly labeled containers. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazards as the spilled product. Contact the proper local authorities.
Special spill response proce	du	res
	:	In case of a transportation accident, in the United States contact CHEMTREC at 1-800-424-9300 or International at 1-703-527-3887. If a spill/release in excess of the EPA reportable quantity is made into the environment, immediately notify the national

response center in the United States (phone: 1-800-424-8802). US CERCLA Reportable quantity (RQ): see section 15.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, open flames and hot surfaces. - No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection.

Do not breathe mist or vapor. Wear protective gloves/clothing and eye/face protection Wash thoroughly after handling. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.Do not ingest.Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.



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Conditions for safe storage	:	Keep cool. Store in well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up. Store away from incompatibles and out of direct sunlight. Storage area should be clearly identified, clear of obstruction and accessible only to trained and authorized personnel. Inspect periodically for damage or leaks. No smoking in the area.
Incompatible materials	:	Strong oxidizing agents; Hydrogen peroxide; Reactive metals ;Acids

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Limits:					
Chemical Name	<u>ACGIH</u>	TLV	OSHA PEL		
	<u>TWA</u>	<u>STEL</u>	PEL	<u>STEL</u>	
Primary akyl alcohol	200 ppm (skin)	250 ppm (skin)	200 ppm (260 mg/m³)	N/A∨	

Exposure controls

Ventilation and engineering measures

ventilation and engineering i	ventuation and engineering measures			
	: Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Apply technical measures to comply with the occupational exposure limits. Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Use explosion-proof equipment. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment.			
Respiratory protection	: If engineering controls and work practices are not effective in controlling exposure to this material, then wear suitable approved respiratory protection. If the TLV is exceeded, a NIOSH/MSHA-approved respirator is advised. Respirators should be selected based on the form and concentration of contaminants in air, and in accordance with OSHA (29 CFR 1910.134) or CSA Z94.4-02.			
Skin protection	: Wear protective gloves/clothing. Where extensive exposure to product is possible, use resistant coveralls, apron and boots to prevent contact. The suitability for a specific workplace should be discussed with the producers of the protective gloves.			
Eye / face protection	: Wear eye/face protection. Chemical splash goggles are recommended. A full face shield may also be necessary.			
Other protective equipment	: Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Other equipment may be required depending on workplace standards.			
General hygiene consideration	ons			
	: Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.			

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance Odour	:	Clear, colorless liquid. Mild. Alcohol odor.		
Odour threshold pH	÷	N/Av N/Av		
•	÷			
Melting Point/Freezing point	•	-144.04 F (-97.0 C)		
Initial boiling point and boiling range				
	:	148.6°F (64.7°C)		
Flash point	:	12°C (54°F)		
Flashpoint (Method)	:	Tag closed cup		
Evaporation rate (BuAe = 1)	:	3.5		
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	N/Ap		



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Lower flammable limit (% by vol.) : 5.5% Upper flammable limit (% by vol.) : 36.5% Oxidizing properties 1 Explosive properties : Not explosive : 96mm Hg Vapour pressure Vapour density : 1.1 Relative density / Specific gravity : 0.8 Solubility in water : Complete Other solubility(ies) : N/Av Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water or Coefficient of water/oil distribution : N/Av : 464°F (240°C) Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature : N/Av Viscosity : 0.75mm²/s at 20°C Volatiles (% by weight) : 100% Volatile organic Compounds (VOC's) : 100% Absolute pressure of container : N/Ap Flame projection length : N/Av Other physical/chemical comments : None reported by the manufacturer.

SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity	:	Not normally reactive.
Chemical stability	:	Stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous rea	cti	ons
-	:	Hazardous polymerization does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	:	Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame - No smoking. Keep away from direct
		sunlight. Do not use in areas without adequate ventilation. Avoid contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	:	Oxidizing agents; Hydrogen peroxide; Reactive metals; Acids
Hazardous decomposition products		
		Carbon avideas formaldabudas irritating fumae and amaka

: Carbon oxides; formaldehyde; irritating fumes and smoke

SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information on likely routes of exposure:

Routes of entry inhalation	:	YES		
Routes of entry skin & eye	:	YES		
Routes of entry Ingestion	:	YES		
Routes of exposure skin absorption				
	:	YES		



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Potential Health Effects:

Signs and symptoms of short-term (acute) exposure

Sign and symptoms Inhalation

- 3 , , ,		
		Toxic if inhaled. Symptoms may include coughing, choking and wheezing. Inhalation of Proprietary vapours may cause substantial visual effects, including irritation, blurred vision, and blindness. May cause irritation to the nose, throat and upper respiratory tract. May result in unconsciousness and possibly death.
Sign and symptoms ingestion	n	
	:	Toxic if swallowed. May be fatal or cause blindness if swallowed in sufficient quantities. Symptoms may include pain, headache, nausea, vomiting, dizziness, drowsiness and other central nervous system effects. Swallowing Methanol is life threatening. May result in unconsciousness and possibly death. Ingestion can cause gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, and diarrhea.
Sign and symptoms skin		Toxic in contact with skin. May be absorbed through the skin, producing symptoms similar to ingestion or inhalation.
Sign and symptoms eyes	:	Causes serious eye irritation. Symptoms may include a burning sensation, pain, watering, and/or changes in vision (blurred vision). Methanol is known to cause appreciable eye irritation, and possible blindness.
Potential Chronic Health Effe	ects	S
Mutagenicity	:	Causes central nervous system depression. Inhalation of methanol vapours may cause substantial visual effects, including irritation, blurred vision, and blindness. Causes damage to the optic nerves (eyes) if swallowed. Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause defatting and drying resulting in irritation and possible dermatitis. Not expected to be mutagenic in humans.
Carcinogenicity	:	No components are listed as carcinogens by ACGIH, IARC, OSHA or NTP.
Reproductive effects & Terat	og	
•	-	-
Sensitization to material	:	This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015). Classification: Reproductive Toxicity-Category 1 Suspected of damaging the unborn child. Methanol has been shown to produce fetotoxicity in the embryo or fetus in laboratory animals. Not expected to be a skin or respiratory sensitizer.
Specific target organ effects	-	Eyes, skin, respiratory system, digestive system, central nervous system.
	•	
		This material is classified as hazardous under U.S. OSHA regulations (29CFR 1910.1200) (Hazcom 2012) and Canadian WHMIS regulations (Hazardous Products Regulations) (WHMIS 2015). Classification: Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure - Category 1 Causes damage to the optic nerves (eyes) if swallowed. Inhalation of methanol vapours may cause substantial visual effects, including irritation, blurred vision, and
		blindness.
		The substance or mixture is not classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure.
Medical conditions aggravate	ed	by overexposure
	:	Pre-existing skin, eye, respiratory and central nervous system disorders.
Synergistic materials	:	Not available.
Toxicological data	:	There is no available data for the product itself, only for the ingredients. See below for individual ingredient acute toxicity data.



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	LC₅₀(4hr)	LD5	0
Chemical name	<u>inh, rat</u>	<u>(Oral, rat)</u>	<u>(Rabbit, dermal)</u>
Primary akyl alcohol	> 5000 ppm/6H (4.1 mg/L/4H (vapour)	The estimated human lethal dose is: 300 - 1000 mg/kg	> 393 mg/kg (Monkey)

Other important toxicological hazards

: None reported by the manufacturer.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity

: No data is available on the product itself. See the following tables for individual ingredient ecotoxicity data.

Ecotoxicity data:

la ave die née	040 N	Toxicity to Fish				
<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS No	LC50 / 96h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor		
Primary akyl alcohol	Proprietary	15 400 mg/L (Bluegill sunfish)	N/Av	None.		

Ingredients	CAS No	Toxicity to Daphnia				
		EC50 / 48h	NOEC / 21 day	M Factor		
Primary akyl alcoholl	Proprietary	> 10 000 mg/L (Daphnia magna)	208 mg/L (QSAR)	None.		

Ingredients	CAS No	Toxicity to Algae				
		EC50 / 96h or 72h	NOEC / 96h or 72h	M Factor		
Primary akyl alcohol	Proprietary	22 000 mg/L/96hr (Green algae)	N/Av	None.		

Persistence and degradability

: No data is available on the product itself. Methanol is readily biodegradable.

Bioaccumulation potential :

: No data is available on the product itself. See the following data for ingredient information.

<u>Components</u>	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log Kow)	Bioconcentration factor (BCF)
Primary akyl alcohol	-0.74	N/Av

Mobility in soil : No data is available on the product itself.

Other Adverse Environmental effects

: The ecological characteristics of this product have not been fully investigated. No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component. The product should not be allowed to enter drains or water courses, or be deposited where it can affect ground or surface waters.



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SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Handling for Disposal	:	Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Methods of Disposal	:	Dispose in accordance with all applicable federal, state, provincial and local regulations.
RCRA	:	If this product, as supplied, becomes a waste in the United States, it may meet the criteria of a hazardous waste as defined under RCRA, Title 40 CFR 261. It is the responsibility of the waste generator to determine the proper waste identification and disposal method. For disposal of unused or waste material, check with local, state and federal environmental agencies.

SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Regulatory Information	UN Number	UN proper shipping name	Transport hazard class(es)	Packing Group	Label	
TDG	UN1230	METHANOL	3	II		
TDG Additional information	May be shipped exceeding 30 k	d as LIMITED QUANTITY when transported in quantities not gross mass.	o larger than 1	Litre, in pac	kages not	
49CFR/DOT	UN1230	METHANOL	3	II		
49CFR/DOT Additional information	May be shipped exceeding 30 k	d as LIMITED QUANTITY when transported in quantities not g gross mass.	o larger than 1	Litre, in pac	kages not	
ICAO/IATA	UN1230	Methanol	3(6.1)	II		
ICAO/IATA Additional information	Refer to ICAO/	ATA Packing Instruction	1			
IMDG	UN1230	METHANOL	3(6.1)	II		
IMDG Additional information	Consult the IMI	DG regulations for exceptions.	1		· · ·	
pecial preca	utions for use	 Appropriate advice on safety must accompany sparks and open flame - No smoking. 	the package	. Keep awa	ay from heat,	
invironmenta		 This product does not meet the criteria for an e according to the IMDG Code. See ECOLOGIC 	AL INFORM			
ransport in t	DUIK according	g to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	9			
		: Not available.				



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SECTION 15 - REGULATORY INFORMATION

US Federal Information:

Components listed below are present on the following U.S. Federal chemical lists:

			CERCLA Reportable	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 302, Extremely	SARA TITLE III: Sec. 313, 40 CFR 372, Specific Toxic Chemical		
<u>Ingredients</u>	CAS #	Inventory	Quantity(RQ) (40 CFR 117.302):	Hazardous Substance, 40 CFR 355:	Toxic Chemical	de minimus Concentration	
Primary akyl alcohol	Proprietary	Yes	5000 lbs / 2270 kg	None.	Yes	1%	

SARA TITLE III: Sec. 311 and 312, SDS Requirements, 40 CFR 370 Hazard Classes: Flammable; Eye irritation;Acute toxicity ;Reproductive toxicity ;Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure .Under SARA Sections 311 and 312, the EPA has established threshold quantities for the reporting of hazardous chemicals. The current thresholds are 500 pounds or the threshold planning quantity (TPQ), whichever is lower, for extremely hazardous substances and 10,000 pounds for all other hazardous chemicals.

US State Right to Know Laws:

The following chemicals are specifically listed by individual States:

Ingredients	CAS #	California Proposition 65		State "Right to Know" Lists					
		Listed	Type of Toxicity	CA	MA	MN	NJ	PA	RI
Primary akyl alcohol	Proprietary	Yes	Developmental	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Canadian Information:

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) information: All ingredients listed appear on the Domestic Substances List (DSL).

Refer to Section 2 for a WHMIS Classification for this product.

International Information:

Legend

Components listed below are present on the following International Inventory list:

Ingredients	CAS #	European EINECs	Australia AICS	Philippines PICCS	Japan ENCS	Korea KECI/KECL	China IECSC	NewZealand IOC
Primary akyl alcohol	Proprietary	Proprietary	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present	Present

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

:	ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate CA: California CAS: Chemical Abstract Services CERCLA: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act of 1980 CFR: Code of Federal Regulations CNS: Central Nervous System CSA: Canadian Standards Association
	DOT: Department of Transportation



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	EC50: Effective Concentration 50% EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances EPA: Environmental Protection Agency HSDB: Hazardous Substances Data Bank IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods Inh: Inhalation KECI: Korean Existing Chemicals Inventory KECL: Korean Existing Chemicals List LC: Lethal Concentration LD: Lethal Dose MA: Massachusetts MN: Minnesota MSHA: Mine Safety and Health Administration N/Ap: Not Applicable N/Av: Not Applicable N/Av: Not Available NIOSH: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health NJ: New Jersey NOEC: No observable effect concentration NTP: National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health NJ: New Jersey NOEC: No observable effect concentration NTP: National Institute of Chemicals and Chemical Substances RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RI: Rhode Island RTECS: Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances SARA: Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act SDS: Safety Data Sheet STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TDG: Canadian Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act & Regulations TLV: Threshold Planing Quantity TSCA: Toxic Substance Control Act TWA: Time Weighted Average WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Identification System
References :	Material Safety Data Sheet from manufacturer. OECD - The Global Portal to Information on Chemical Substances European Chemicals Agency, Classification Legislation
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Other special considerations for handling

: Provide adequate information, instruction and training for operators.



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Prepared for:

FPPF Chemical Company, Inc. 117 West Tupper Street Buffalo, NY, USA 14201 Telephone: (800)735-3773 Please direct all enquiries to FPPF Chemical Company

DISCLAIMER

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